

Best ESCO Case Study

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About the Organisation





- Meters in over **50** countries
- Office in **5** countries



More than

- 40 million Meters worldwide
- 8 million Smart Meters



- Pump Testing: **15,000** pumps/blowers
- Energy audit: 40,000 feeders and 200,000 distribution transformers
- Meter Testing: 7 million meters
- Smart elect meter data service: 5 million
- Employees: 7000 No.

Our factories and logistics centres

India

Secure Meters Limited, Udaipur

Secure Meters Limited, Solan

Secure Meters Limited, Sanand

Secure Energy Services Limited, Gurgaon

UK

Secure Meters (UK) Limited, Eastleigh

Australia

Secure Meters (Australia) Pty Limited, Melbourne

Sweden

Secure Meters (Sweden) AB, Nyköping

UAE

Secure Meters (Middle East), Dubai

















Pump Performance Measurement

Pump station 1



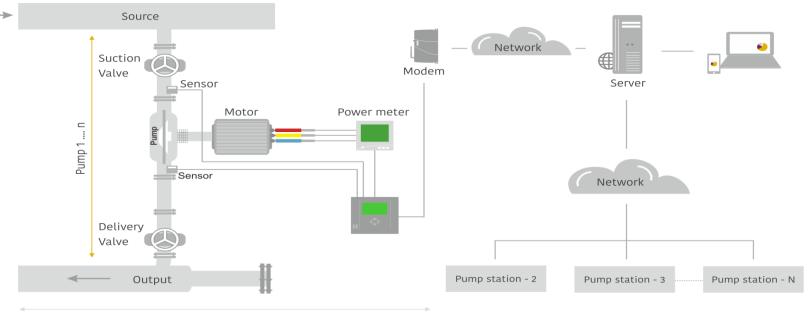
→ Thermodynamic method

Output =
$$\rho$$
 x g x Q x H
Losses = ρ x Q x C_p x dT

Pump Efficiency = ------
$$1 + (C_p x dT/g x H)$$

No Need to measure flow to find pump efficiency

$$\rho$$
 = Density (kg/m³), Q = Flow rate
dT = Differential temperature (mK)
 C_p = Specific Heat
H = Pump Head



Logging of hydraulic and electrical data for individual pumps

Data monitoring at regular intervals for performance analysis and alerts

Remote data transfer to data centre and mobile app

Pumping station data access through internet and mobile app



ESCO – Udaipur Drinking Water Scheme



Project Start : Feb 2018

Project Completion: Feb 2021

About the project:

- Reduce energy consumption per kl (SEC in kWh/kl) of water produced
- Number of Pumps : 4 (2 W + 2 S)
- Duty Flow: 1800 m3/hr; Duty Head: 165 m
- Motor Rating: 600 kW, 6.6 kV

Baseline parameters:

- Energy Consumption in 2016-17: ~ 9,900 MWh
- Energy Bill in 2016-17: ~7.25 Crore INR
- SEC: 0.6582 kWh/kl

Problem definition:

- Low efficiency of pumps resulting in high energy bill
- Power factor < 0.93, resulting in penalty from electricity board



Steps towards energy efficiency...



Problem Definition

- Low efficiency of pumps resulting in higher energy bill
- Power factor < 0.93, resulting in penalty from electricity board

What we did

- Identified low efficiency pumps using pump monitoring system
- Rescheduling
- Pump Refurbishment
 - Anti friction coating
 - Rehabilitation of Pump spares like Impeller, Bearings, Shaft etc.
 - Balancing of rotary parts
 - Pump-motor laser alignment
- Enhanced capacitor bank from 200 kVAr to 338 kVAr



Pump Refurbishment



@ Project Start



During



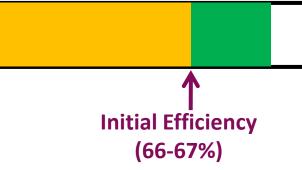
Improved



Challenges:

- Pump OEM stopped supporting/ supplying spares
- Poor health of pumps

Efficiency improvement after Refurbishment (10 to 12%)



Overcoming challenges:

- Developed suppliers
- Improved health of pumps
- Rescheduling Pump Operations





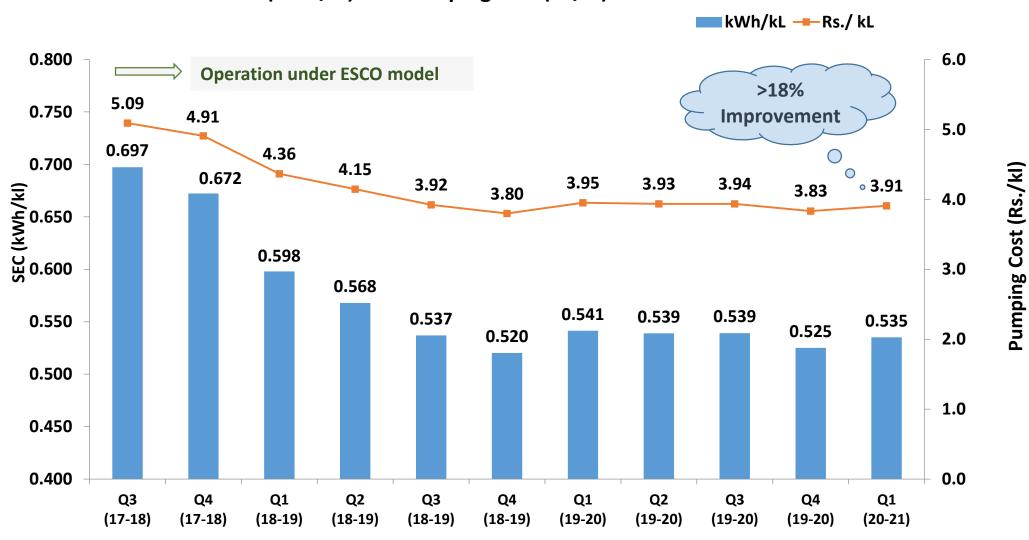
| Year | SEC (kWh/kl) | % Improvement from baseline | Savings (Crore) |
|----------|-----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Baseline | 0.6582 | _ | - |
| 2018-19 | 0.5617 | 14.6 | 0.82 |
| 2019-20 | 0.5357 | 18.6 | 0.93 |
| 2020-21 | 0.5168 | 21.5 | 1.32 |
| | 0.5380 | 18.3 | 3.07 |

| Pump | Initial Efficiency | Improved Efficiency |
|---------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Pump-1 | 66 % | 79 % |
| Pump-2 | 66 % | 78 % |
| Pump-3 | 66 % | 80 % |
| Pump-4 | 67 % | 81 % |
| % Improvement | | 14 % |





SEC (kWh/kl) and Pumping cost (Rs/kl)





ESCO- Ujjain Drinking Water Scheme



Project Start: June 2020 Project Completion: Oct 2020 Phase (I)

About the project:

- Reduce power consumption minimum by 5% of baseline Specific energy consumption (SEC) in kWh/kl.
- Web based monitoring solution to improve the efficiency on ESCO mode.
- Implementation of energy saving measures in pumps
- Maintain notified flow
- Maintenance of pumps

Problem Definition:

Low efficiency of pumps resulting in high energy bill



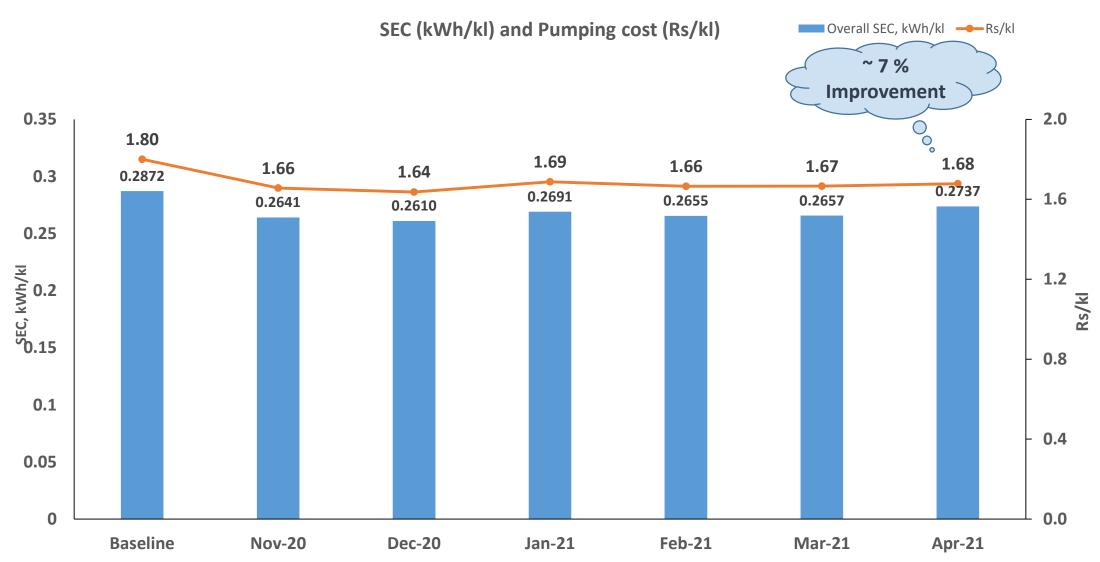


| Month | Overall SEC, kWh/kl | % Improvement | Saving (Crore) |
|----------|------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Baseline | 0.2872 | - | - |
| Nov-20 | 0.2641 | 8.0 | 0.11 |
| Dec-20 | 0.2610 | 9.1 | 0.12 |
| Jan-21 | 0.2691 | 6.3 | 0.09 |
| Feb-21 | 0.2655 | 7.5 | 0.11 |
| Mar-21 | 0.2657 | 7.5 | 0.10 |
| Apr-21 | 0.2737 | 4.7 | 0.07 |
| Total | 0.2664 | 7.24 | 0.60 |

| Pump | Efficiency @ start of the project | Improved Efficiency |
|--------------------|---|------------------------|
| Gambhiri HT P1 | 68 % | 78 % |
| Ambodiya P3 | 69 % | 76 % |
| Gambhiri HT P2 | 68 % | 75 % |
| Gambhir LT P6 | 68 % | 75 % |
| Gaughat Phase 1 P3 | 64 % | 72 % |
| Gaughat Phase 1 P4 | 66 % | 72 % |
| Gambhiri LT P5 | 62 % | 70 % |
| Gaughat Phase 3 P1 | 61 % | 68 % |









Benefits



Udaipur

- 4200 MWh units saved in 36 months.
 - Carbon emission of 25 lakh kg saved
- Saved power factor incentive of INR 45.6 lakh
- Prevention of water leakages from pipe by survey & maintenance
- Reduced maintenance cost

Ujjain

- 950 MWh units saved in 6 months.
 - Carbon emission of 5.8 lakh kg saved

Future Plan (Phase II):

Repair and refurbish remaining pumps in next
 6 to 8 months

Benefits To Water Utilities

- Improved pump health & reliability
- Online monitoring of individual pumps performance
- Monitoring data are available through mobile app to utility officials



Thank you!